

Friends of Barnfield Sandbeds Wildlife Spotters Guide



Wild Flowers

We are trying to create interest throughout the year at Barnfield Sandbeds by selective planting and careful management of plants already on site.

Whilst the Japanese Knotweed and garden escapes need to be removed completely, we need to retain some nettles, thistles and ragwort etc. as these are valuable food plants for the caterpillars of butterflies and moths. PLEASE

On the following pages we have put together a worksheet with many of the Wild Flowers that can be found in the Barnfield Sandbeds. There is a photo and the name of the species to help with identificationand a place for you to write in the date you saw them The Photographs on the following pages are by kind permission of the North East Wildlife web site or photographs taken by Members of the Friends of Barnfield Sandbeds Copies of this work sheet and many others are available on our web site at www.friendsofbarnfieldsandbeds.co.uk The work sheets are presented in Adobe Reader PDF format which may be viewed from

The work sheets are presented in Adobe Reader PDF format which may be viewed from the website or printed out as required. f you see any Wild Flowers not included on the following pages we would like to know about it so we can add it to our list. Please e-mail us on info@friendsofbarnfieldsandbeds.co.uk



Burdock

Date Seen-

Centaury

Date Seen-

Date Seen-

Creeping Buttercup

Creeping Silverweed

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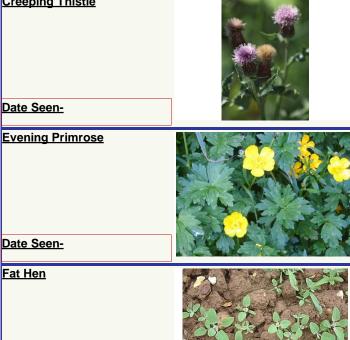
Wild Flowers





Creeping Thistle

Date Seen-



Thistles are troublesome Weeds but These weeds attractive to many varieties of butterflies including the Painted Lady. The creeing Thistle has a smaller Flower. Later in the year when the fluffy seeds ripen they attract flocks or 'Charms' of Goldfinches

24 March 2013

Date Seen-



Friends Barnfield Sandbeds

	Wild F	owers
<u>Ferns</u> Date Seen-		
Field Buttercup Date Seen-		
Forget Me Not Date Seen-		
Foxglove Date Seen-		Althoughit would be de gotits namebrcausecpu shaped flowers would Foxes.However it is mo anglo saxon name 'folk POISONOUS yet a drug it which is used in very
<u>Garlic Mustard</u> Date Seen-		
<u>Greater Mullein</u> Date Seen-		
Hedge Bindweed Date Seen-		
Date Seen-		

24 March 2013

Althoughit would be delightful to think that this stately plantv gotits namebrcausecpeople trhoughtv that the velvety bell shaped flowers would make perfect gloves for little Foxes.However it is more likely that the name comes from the anglo saxon name 'folk's bells'.The Foxglove is VVERY POISONOUS yet a drug nmed 'digitalis' may be extractedfrom it which is used in very small doses to treatHeart complaints



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Wild F	<u>lowers</u>
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	<u>vviid F</u>	
<u>Hedge Woundwort</u> Date Seen-		
Hogweed		
<u>Date Seen-</u> Japanese Knotweed Date Seen-		
Mugwort Date Seen-		
<u>Pignut</u> Date Seen-		
<u>Pink Campion</u> Date Seen-		
Poppy Date Seen-		

Bordering the paths in May and Juneare many types of Campion. They are common all over Britain. The plants are either male or femaleand rely on insects visiting he pthe flowers to obtain the nectarto spread thecpollen from plant to plant.The White ones will hybridisewith the Red ones so we get pink flowers on their offspring.



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	Wild Fl	lowers
Ragwort Date Seen-		
<u>Rosebay Willow Herb</u>		
Date Seen-		
<u>Scarlet Pimpernel</u>		
Date Seen-		
<u>Selfheal</u> Date Seen-		
Sow Thistle Date Seen-		
Spear Thistle		Thistles a
Date Seen-		many vari Spear Thi Spesar sh ripenthey
<u>St Johns Wort</u> Date Seen-		

Thistles are troublesome Weedsbut These weeds attractive to nany varieties of butterflies including the Painted Lady.The Spear Thistle has a Large Flowerand takes its name fromits Spesar shaped leaves.Later in the year whenthe fluffy seeds ipenthey attract flocks or 'Chasrms' of Goldfinches



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<u>Stinging Nettle</u>	
Date Seen-	
<u>Stinging Nettle</u> Date Seen-	
<u>Teasel</u> Date Seen-	
Tufted Vetch Date Seen-	
White Campion Date Seen-	
<u>Wild Arum</u> Date Seen-	

Perhaps the most obvious plant in Barnfield Sandbeds is th Stinging Nettle. The nettels near to the edges of thew paths are regularlycut back to prevent our visitord from getting Stung But Most are left because they areValusble to wild life. Our most Colourful Butterflies, Small Tortoiseshell, Red Admirables, Peacocks and CommasaqIllay theireggs on Stinging Nettleswhich the caterpillars eat when they emerge. In fact more than 40 species of insectsdepend on Nettles for food and shelter



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Wild	Flowers

<u>Wild Pansy</u>	
Date Seen-	
Wild Strawberry	
Date Seen-	
<u>Woodruff</u> Date Seen-	
Woody Nightshade	
Date Seen-	
<u>Yarrow</u>	
Date Seen-	